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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/720,961	11/24/2003	Cary Lee Bates	ROC920030211US1	5209
30206 7590 08/23/2007 IBM CORPORATION			EXAMINER	
ROCHESTER 1 3605 HIGHWA	IP LAW DEPT. 917		WEI, Z	HENG
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Assistant Commencer	10/720,961	BATES ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Zheng Wei	2192			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the (	correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1: after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period value of the provision of the prov	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tinus will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE.	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 01 M	ay 2007.				
2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ⊠ This	☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-8,10-13 and 15-18 is/are pending 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1,3-8,10-13 and 15-18 is/are rejected 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 24 November 2003 is/a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objec drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). sjected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	·				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau  * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage			
Attachment(s)  1)  Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate			

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# DETAILED ACTION

#### Remarks

- In view of the Appeal Brief filed on 05/01/2007, PROSECUTION IS HEREBY REOPENED. A new ground of rejection is set forth below. To avoid abandonment of the application, appellant must exercise one of the following two options:
  - (1) file a reply under 37 CFR 1.111 (if this Office action is non-final) or a reply under 37 CFR 1.113 (if this Office action is final); or,
  - (2) initiate a new appeal by filing a notice of appeal under 37 CFR 41.31 followed by an appeal brief under 37 CFR 41.37. The previously paid notice of appeal fee and appeal brief fee can be applied to the new appeal. If, however, the appeal fees set forth in 37 CFR 41.20 have been increased since they were previously paid, then appellant must pay the difference between the increased fees and the amount previously paid.

A Supervisory Patent Examiner (SPE) has approved of reopening prosecution by signing below:

2. Claims 1, 3-8, 10-13 and 15-18 remain pending and have been examined.

# Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments filed on 05/01/2007, in particular on pages 7-16, have been fully considered.

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 At page 7, second paragraph, Applicant contends that Claim 1 is not anticipated by Miller, because Miller does not disclose key limitations. specifically automatically maintaining status of source code statements and using the status to identify copies for propagating changes. The Examiner respectfully disagrees with the Applicant. First of all, as Applicant admitted the term "status" at page 9, second paragraph "The Word 'status' standing alone and without context, could mean many things. But in the context of the claim, it is only used to identify a 'copy". Therefore, the "status" can be reasonable interpreted as "line", highlight/different color of lines or other tag/mark. Miller discloses a line status (marks) to identify the selections (copies)(p.166, section 7.3.4 "Scrollbar Augmentation", "To help the user keep track of multiple selections in a long document, the browser pane's scroll-bar is augmented with marks indicating where selections (copies) are located (figure 7.6)" and also see example figure 9.6, 9.7, 9,8 and 9.9). It also should noted that the claim language "automatically determining whether one or more copies of said first source code statement exist within said source code file form said status of each respective source code statement" does not mean that "automatically determining" is based on "said status". Secondly, at page 10, second paragraph, the Applicant argues that the pattern matching is not automated, because Miller requires manual input. However, the claim limitation is only "automatically determining". The Examiner's position is that "manual

input" and "automatically determining" are two separate processes.

"automatically determining" can be performed no matter what input
method is used. Therefore, "automatically determining" based on
"manual input" still teaches claim limitation.

At page 12, second paragraph, the Applicant argues that Miller does not disclose the key claim limitations, specifically automatically maintaining status of source code and using the status to identify unverified source code statements. Because the applicant points out that Miller does not explicitly disclose the pattern verification is source code verification (p.13, last paragraph, "The pattern could be anything; there is no explicit mention of source code verification (although a form of source code is mentioned earlier in the paper) and Miller does not check syntax of source code (p.14, second paragraph), does not provide automatic warning action (p.14, third paragraph) and it is inconceivable to using pattern matching technique for source code verification (p.15, first paragraph). The Examiner respectfully disagrees with that. Regarding to claim 7, there is no limitation about source code verification relating to source code compiler/compilation. Further more the claim limitation "code file being compilable into objection code" does not mean source code has been previous compiled. Therefore source code verification can be interpreted as anything performing checking/verification, e.g. checking words or data matching certain pattern as Miller disclosed.

• At page 16, the Applicant contends that claim13 is not obvious in view of Miller. However, based on the discussion above, the computer program product version of claimed method is obvious over Miller, because it is well know in the computer art to practice and/or produce such a program product for carrying out the acts/steps of such method by a computer.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

 Claims 1, 3-8 and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by <u>Miller</u> (Robert C. Miller, Lightweight Structure in Text, May 2002).

## Claim 1:

Miller discloses a method for developing source code for a computer program, comprising the steps of:

generating a plurality of source code statements in a source code file,
 said source code file being compilable into object code of said

computer program (see for example, p.228, figure 9.6, browser pane and related text, "java code");

- automatically maintaining a record of status of each respective source code statement (p.166, section 7.3.4 "Scrollbar Augmentation", "To help the user keep track of multiple selections in a long document, the browser pane's scroll-bar is augmented with marks indicating where selections (copies) are located (figure 7.6)" and also see example figure 9.6, 9.7, 9,8 and 9.9 and related text)
- editing a first source code statement of said plurality of source code statements to produce an edited first source code statement (see for example, p.226, section 9.1.2, Simultaneous Editing Mode, Figure 9.4, dialog pane and "start editing" button and related text);
- automatically determining whether one or more copies of said first source code statement exist within said source code file from said status of each respective source code statement, each of said first source code statement and copy of said first source code statement occupying a different respective location within said source code file and being compliable together into said object code of said computer program (see for example, p.226, section 9.1.2, Simultaneous Editing Mode, lines 19-21, "Now, when the user makes a selection in one record, the system automatically infers exactly one selection in every other record"); and

responsive to said automatically determining step, automatically propagating changes made by said editing step to said one or more copies of said first source code statement (see for example, p.228.figure 9.6 and figure 9.7 and related text, "deletes this selection").

## Claim 3:

Miller discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 1, wherein said automatically propagating step comprises:

- automatically displaying said changes made by said editing step to at least one said copy of said first source code statement (see for example, p.226, section 9.1.2, Simultaneous Editing Mode, lines 19-21, "Now, when the user makes a selection in one record, the system automatically infers exactly one selection in every other record"); and
- soliciting user confirmation of said changes (see for example, p.228, figure 9.6, buttons "go" and "clear").

## Claim 4:

Miller further discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 1, wherein said status of each respective source code statement comprises data indicating whether the respective source code statement has been verified (see for example, Chapter 10,

Outlier Finding, p.256, section 10.3, Unusual Matches Display, lines 5-6, "In simultaneous editing, outlier finding is used behind the scenes to direct the user's attention to possible error.", also see p.257, figure 10.4 and related text).

## Claim 5:

Miller also discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 4, wherein said data indicating whether a respective source code statement has been verified indicates whether the respective statement has been verified (match/mismatch) as part of a compilation process for compiling source code into object code executable by a computer system (see for example, p.258, lines 13-16, "When mismatches are displayed, the user can search for both kinds of bugs in a pattern: false negatives as well as false positives.")

## Claim 6:

Miller further discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 1, further comprising the steps of:

receiving a user command to copy a second of said plurality of source code statements to a different location within said source code file (see for example, section 9.1.2 Simultaneous Editing Mode, lines 39-40, "The user is ready to enter the return type of the get method.", "copyand-paste must be used");

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responsive to receiving said user command, automatically determining whether said second source code statement has been previously verified from said status of each respective source code statement (see for example, p.256, section 10.3, Unusual Matches Display, lines 18-22, "Each match is plotted as a small block"); and

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• if said second source code statement has not been previously verified, automatically warning a user that said second source code statement is unverified (see for example, p.257, figure 10.4, and related text, "Strong outliers appear noticeably alone in this visualization").

#### Claim 7:

Miller discloses a method for developing source code for a computer program, comprising the steps of:

- generating a plurality of source code statements in a source code file, said source code file being compliable into object code of said computer program (see for example, p.228, figure 9.6, browser pane and related text, "java code");
- automatically maintaining a record of status of each respective source code statement )(p.166, section 7.3.4 "Scrollbar Augmentation", "To help the user keep track of multiple selections in a long document, the browser pane's scroll-bar is augmented with marks indicating where selections (copies) are located (figure 7.6)" and also see example figure 9.6, 9.7, 9,8 and 9.9 and related text) ).

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- receiving a user command to copy a first of said plurality of source code statements to a different location within said source code file to create a second source statement at said different location, said second source code statement being identical to said first source code statement, each of said first source code statement and said second source code statement being compilable together into said object code of said computer program (see for example, section 9.1.2
  Simultaneous Editing Mode, lines 39-40, "The user is ready to enter the return type of the get method.", "copy-and-paste must be used");
- responsive to receiving said user command, automatically determining
  whether said first source code statement has been previously verified
  from said status of each respective source code statement (see for
  example, p.256, section 10.3, Unusual Matches Display, lines 18-22,
  "Each match is plotted as a small block"); and
- if said first source code statement has not been previously verified,
   automatically performing at least one action in response to determining
   that said first source code statement is unverified (see for example,
   p.257, figure 10.4, and related text, "Strong outliers appear noticeably
   alone in this visualization").

## Claim 8:

Miller further discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 7, wherein said step of automatically

performing at least one action in response to determining that said first source code statement is unverified comprises issuing a warning message to a user (see for example, p.257, figure 10.4, and related text, "Strong outliers appear noticeably alone in this visualization").

## Claim 10:

Miller also discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 7, wherein said step of automatically determining whether said first source code statement has been previously verified comprises automatically determining whether said first source code statement has successfully completed some portion of a compilation process for compiling source code into object code executable by a computer system (see for example, p.256, lines 15-22, "the Unusual Matches window", "Blocks near the left side of the window represent typical matches...").

#### Claim 11:

Miller further discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 7, wherein said status of each respective source code statement comprises data indicating whether the respective statement was copied from another source code statement (see for example, p.238, section 9.2.2 Simultaneous Editing Algorithm, p.238, line 20-p.239, line 9, "record", "Feature generation", "Hypothesis generation",

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"Update").

#### Claim 12:

Miller also discloses the method for developing source code for a computer program of claim 11, wherein said step of automatically determining whether said first source code statement has been verified comprises automatically determining whether said first source code statement was copied from another statement which has been previously verified (see for example, p.238, section 9.2.2 simultaneous Editing Algorithm, lines 30-21, "Hypothesis generation takes the positive examples and the feature list and searches for a region set consistent with the examples.").

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 13 and 15-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over <u>Miller</u> (Robert C. Miller, Lightweight Structure in Text, May 2002)

## Claims 13 and 15-18:

Claims 13 and 15-18 claim a computer program product for developing source code for a computer program, which is the product version of the method claims as discussed in claims 1 and 3-6 above respectively.

Therefore, these claims are obvious over Miller, because it is well known in the computer art to practice and/or produce such a program product for carrying out the acts/steps of such method by a typical computer.

#### Conclusion

- 8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Zheng Wei whose telephone number is (571) 270-1059 and Fax number is (571) 270-2059. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday 8:00-15:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Tuan Q. Dam can be reached on (571) 272-3695. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature of relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the TC 2100 Group receptionist whose telephone number is 571- 272-1000.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

TUAN DAM SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER